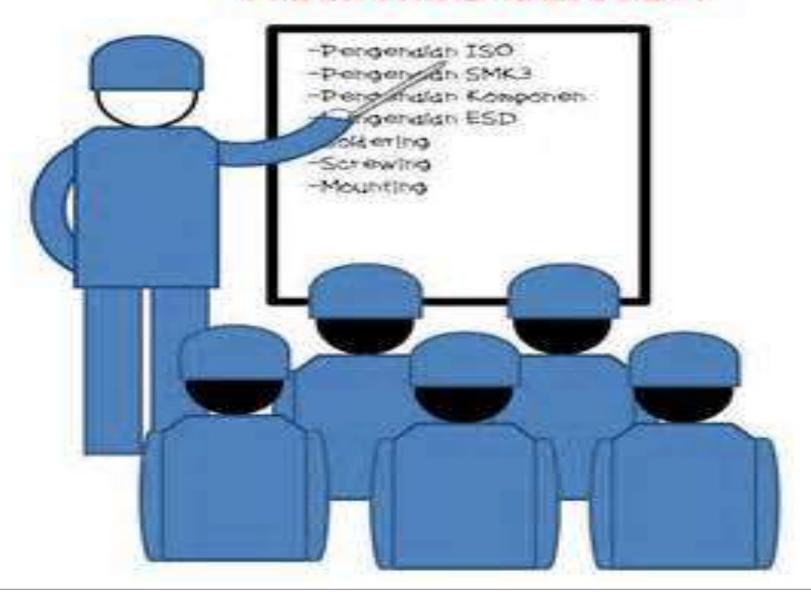
### CMT- Induction

Dr. R. Ramanath & Dr Shivani Dewan Deputy TPD



#### TRAINING CENTER



# Regional Training days for —IMT1

- 8 Training days for IMT1 including Induction day
- You have to attend all 8 to achieve Outcome1 at ARCP for IMT Y1
- QIP competitions, ASCME and APS are in addition to the teaching days
- That means you have to attend all 8 of all the teaching days plus either a full day of Advanced Procedural Skills or 3 half days covering four procedures as well as 1 ASCME day
- We have 16 sessions a year on the RT days, so all the sessions are repeated. If you can't attend the first day you are expected to attend the repeat day.

# Teaching Programme

- Takes place in different hospitals in the region by rotation
- Based on the GIM acute medicine curriculum for IMT.
- Also includes some generic skills like QIP, skills to be a registrar, interview skills
- Separate training programme for IMT Y1 & CT2
- Apply for 1 day study leave at least 6 weeks in advance
- Trainees are allocated training days via Maxcourse
- If unable to attend on the date you have been please inform the Coordinator to ensure an alternate date is allocated.

# Teaching Programme

- Follows curriculum
- You can use reflections to link & certificates to demonstrate familiarity with a particular IMT Topic
- Covers common topics for Part 1 MRCP & 2

	RDGH RDGH	IMT Y1 Regional Induction Day	IMT1	
Thursday 12 September 2019	RDGH			
		IMT Y1 Regional Induction Day (Repeat)	IMT1	
		Immunology/Allergy		
Monday 16 September 2019	NGH	As per Curriculum	CT2	
		Poisoning/Overdose		
		GTD		
Monday 07 October 2019	DRI	Anxiety, Depression, Mental Health Legislation, Medical problems in Pregnancy		
		Complaints & Medical Errors, Public Health & Screening programmes, Death Certificates/DNAR/End of Life issues,	IMT1	
		Clinical Pharmacology – Adverse drug reactions/practise		
Friday 11 October 2019 B	BDGH	safe/rational prescribing	CT2	
Thay it detabel 2013	ВВВП	& <u>Medical Opthalmology</u> – Cranial nerve palsy, glaucoma, inflammatory eye disease, retinal vascular disease, TIA/Stroke	012	
		Rheumatology	IMT1	
	RHH	Assessment of MS system/Clinical presentations, Rheumatoid arthritis/sero negative arthritides/connective tissue disorders, Crystal Arthropathies/Clinical Case presentation RA/Ankylosing		
Monday 14 October 2019		Spondylosis		
		Oncology – Hypercalcemia, Neutropenic sepsis, paraneoplastic conditions. Premaligant conditions, Spinal cord compression		
		Simulation		
		(Acting Up to SpR) Scenarios in Medicine		
Thursday 17 October 2019 R	RDGH	Human Factors via a Coroner's court	CT2	
		Decision making with the deteriorating patient (Palliative Care)		
		Critical Care (Katie Shuker)		
		Respiratory 1		
Monday 04 November 2019	BDGH	Interstitial lung disease, pulmonary fibrosis, pleural disease, pleural effusion, lung cancer	IMT1	
		Diabetes/Endocrine	IIVIII	
		Microvascular complications, Diabetic Foot, Thyroid Disease. Incidental findings, pituitary, adrenal, parathyroid disorders		
	NGH	Gastro 2		
Monday 11 November 2019		Vomiting & weight loss, diarrhoea, IBD, Gl malignancy/ competencies – gastroscopy & colonoscopy, parenteral & enteral feeding	CT2	
		Elderly Medicine 2	_	
		Continence, Delirium, Dementias, Depression, Malnutrition, Pressure Ulcers, Poly pharmacy, Hypthermia		
	RDGH	Haematology & Clinical Genetics	IMT1	
Friday 15 November 2019 R		Anaemias including investigation competencies, safe prescribing & blood products, inherited disorders, Hb overview, Haematological malignancies, clinical case presentation – Lymphoma and/or enlarged spleen familial conditions, possibility of genetic testing		
		Procedural Skills Practise		
		SpR led covering 4 procedural Skills		
		Respiratory 2	СТО	
Friday 22 November 2019	DRI	Asthma/COPD/cor pulmonale/Obstructive sleep apnea, physiology gas exchange, respiratory failure, ventilation (IPPV/NIV clinical case COPD/Asthma	CT2	



	1		
Friday 22 November 2019	DRI	Respiratory 2 Asthma/COPD/cor pulmonale/Obstructive sleep apnea, physiology gas exchange, respiratory failure, ventilation (IPPV/NIV clinical case COPD/Asthma	CT2
		Interview Skills for Registrar Posts Workshop	
Wednesday 27 November 2019		Dermatology	IMT1
	RHH	Cutaneous drug reactions, clinical presentations; rash, pruritus, skin/mouth ulcers, non-diabetic lower limb ulceration, cutaneous manifestations of systemic disease, clinical case – Rash	
		GUM	
		HIV- recognition and testing , Syphils	
		Genitourinary conditions presenting in General Medicine	
Wednesday 11 December 2019	NGH	Renal 1 & 2  Acute renal failure, Disturbance potassium, acid base balance & fluid balance, Glomerulonephritis Clinical Case AKI, Glomerulonephtitis Chronic renal failure, Nephrotic syndrome, Renal replacement therapy	СТ2
•		Clinical Case – patient on dialysis or post renal transplant	
		Cardiovascular 2  Arrhythmias & Cardioversion, clinical presentations, palpitations, syncope, presyncope, blackout, Clinical science, physiology, cardiac conduction, cardiac cycle & pharmacology. Investigation competency, 24hr ECG/Tilt table Clinical AF	
		Elderly 1	IMT1
Monday 13 January 2020	DRI	Falls, fractures, Osteoporosis, Preoperative assessment, medical Problems following surgery, Movement Disorders, Stroke & TIA's Frailty	
		Gastro 1	
		Liver disease, acute liver dysfunction/jaundice/ascites/encephalopathy, hepatic cirrhosis, Alcohol and alcohol withdrawal – Clinical case – decomposed liver disease	
	RHH	Neurology 1&2	CT2
Friday 24 January 2020		Blackouts & seizures, PD & movement disorders, headaches &SAH MS/Spinal cord lesion, Neuromuscular disorders	
		Infectious Diseases	
		CNS infection, fever in the returning traveller. Competencies – antimicrobial drug monitoring, cultures	
Friday 07 February 2020	NGH	Cardiovascular 1	. IMT1
		Ischaemic Heart Disease & Acute Coronary syndrome, Investigation competencies ETT, Isotopic scan, HF, valvular heart disease.	
		Palliative Medicine	
		Symptom management in end of life care, such as pain, Gl symptoms anxiety and depression, SOB – EOL care including advanced care planning.	
Friday 28 February 2020	BDGH	Clinical Pharmacology & Medical Ophthalmology	CT2
Friday 06 March 2020	DRI	GTD	IMT1
Wednesday 11 March 2020	NGH	Poisoning/Overdose	CT2



Thursday 19 March 2020	RHH	Oncology	IMT1
	КПП	Rheumatology	
Wednesday 25 March 2020	DRI	Respiratory 2	CT2
	DRI	Interview Skills for Registrar Posts Workshop	
Wednesday 22 April 2020	BDGH	Respiratory 1	IMT1
	BDGH	Endocrine/Diabetes	
Tuesday 28 April 2020	RHH	Infectious Diseases	СТ2
	KHH	Neurology 1&2	
Friday 01 May 2020	DD GU	Procedural Skills Practise	IMT1
	RDGH	Haematology	
Thursday 07 May 2020		Simulation	CT2
	RDGH	(Acting Up to SpR)	
		Critical Care (Katie Shuker)	
Wednesday 13 May 2020	RHH	GUM	IMT1
	KHH	Dermatology	
Tuesday 19 May 2020	NGH	Cardiovascular 2	CT2
	NGH	Renal 1 & 2	
Friday 22 May 2020	DRI	Gastro1	IMT1
	DRI	Elderly 1	
Friday 05 June 2020	Neu	Elderly Medicine 2	CT2
	NGH	Gastro 2	
Tuesday 09 June 2020		Palliative Medicine	
	NGH	Cardiovascular 1	IMT1

### ASCME course

- Acute Simulated Core Medical Emergencies
- Aim to give you experience in acute medical emergencies in 'the real world' factoring in real time & real people.
- Held at Mexborough & Royal Hallamshire Hospital
- An experienced Acute or GIM Registrar present & Consultant
- You get an assessment if you want performed at each scenario

## ASCME Courses

- Allocated dates on Maxcourse
- You only need to attend 1 course
- If you are unable to attend your allocated date in your region, contact the programme co-ordinator
- Arrive as you would to a normal working day

## Scenarios

- Form part of Emergency Presentations for IMT1
- eg Cardiorespiratory arrest, shocked patient, unconcsious patient & anaphylaxis. Severe drug reactions.
- They also form part of some common presentations.
- For ARCP outcome –we need confirmation by Educational Supervisior that evidence recorded & IMT level achieved for all emergency & common presentations

## Common Scenarios

- GI bleed
- Acute COAD exacerbation
- Complete heart block with external pacing
- Anaphylaxis including cardiac arrest
- Meningitis
- Diabetic Ketoacidosis

### Feedback

- Structured feedback via the medical & Nursing faculty
- Once attendance has been confirmed on the Maxcourse system you will be able to complete feedback
- Once feedback is complete you will receive your certificate of attendance

# Advanced Procedural Skills

- Dates allocated online through Maxcourse
- If unable to attend your allocated date inform the programme coordinator as soon as possible
- Includes skills like paracentesis, Lumbar puncture, central line insertion, chest drain insertion
- Some courses are full days covering 4 procedures others are half days covering 1 or 2
- These are essential skills for IMT Y1
- You are only funded to attend 1 course covering all four procedures so either 1 full day or 3 half days.

# Essential Part A Procedures

- For ARCP Outcome 1 for IMT Y1:
- IMT Y1: Skills Lab training complete or satisfactory supervised practice
- For ARCP Outcome 6 at IMT Y2
- IMT Y2: clinical independence
- Evidence: DOPS for each procedure
- Procedural Skills videos to aid your training can be found through this link Password = Bromptontra!ning <a href="https://www.rbht.nhs.uk/training-videos">https://www.rbht.nhs.uk/training-videos</a>

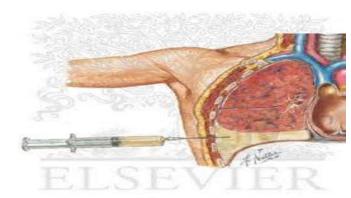
## APS- Essential Procedures

A

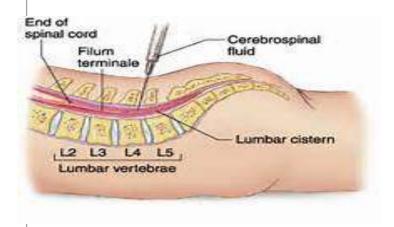
- For IMT Y1: skills lab training complete or satisfactory supervised practice
- For IMT Y2: You need to be clinically independent as evidenced by DOPS
- For Pleural aspiration, pneumothorax or pleural fluid by IMT Y1 complete skills lab or satisfactory supervised practice. By IMT Y2 Clinically independent (with US guidance provided by another trained professional).

# APS

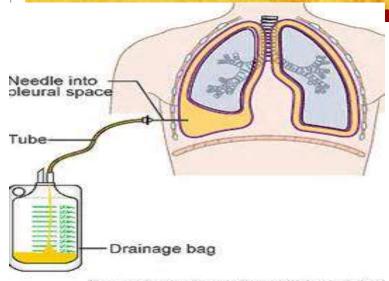




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## APS: Essential Part B Procedures







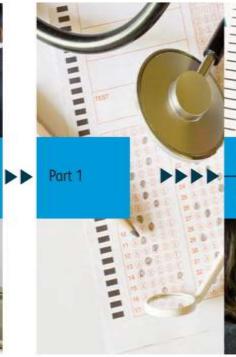
- ARCP: Outcome 6 by end of IMT Y2 Skills lab training completed or satisfactory supervised practice.
- If you wish to be clinically independent then at least 2 summative DOPS are needed (with US guidance provided by another trained professional)

# Eligibility



Eligibility: MBBS and 12 months clinical experience







Part 2 Written

PACES

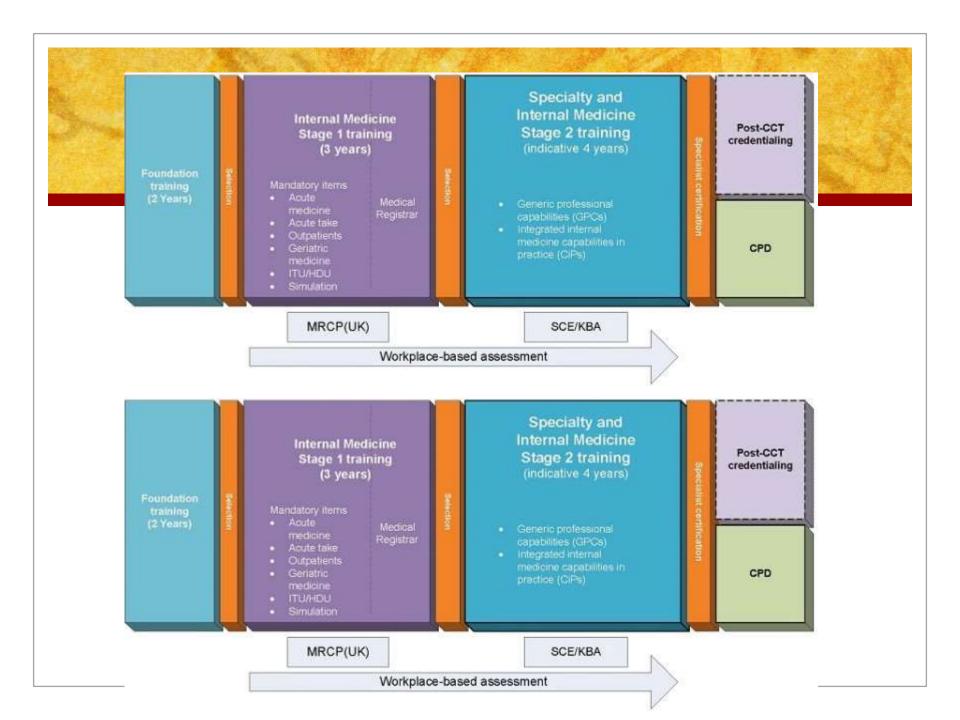




MRCP(UK) Diploma

Foundation years

Core Medical Training



### MRCP Part 1

- Covers broad based topics to ensure level of knowledge is appropriate for beginning of postgraduate training.
- Tests knowledge & understanding of common & important disorders.
- Tests knowledge & understanding of UK guidelines.
- 200 Multiple choice questions (best of 5 answers)
- Consists of two three hour papers

## MRCP Part1

- MRCP(UK) Part 1 Examination Part 1 is the entry-level examination, accessible to doctors with 12 months of postgraduate medical experience. Its purpose is to confirm that you possess a broad knowledge and understanding of common and important disorders, as well as clinical science.
- Success in Part 1 indicates that you have retained the knowledge acquired during your undergraduate training. Vitally, it also shows that your knowledge of medicine has expanded and kept pace with developments since your graduation, and that this knowledge continues to provide an appropriate basis for your clinical decision making

#### MRCP(UK) Part 1 at a glance

- ✓ one-day examination
- two papers
- three hours each
- 200 multiple choice questions (best of five)
- no images
- paper and pencil examination
- sat in an examination hall
- held three times a year

#### MRCP Part 2

- Written exam taken after MRCP Part 1
- Tests ability to apply clinical understanding, make clinical judgments & take responsibility for prioritising problems, planning investigations, selecting plan for immediate management, selecting plan for long term management & assessing prognosis
- 270 MCQ's (best of 5)
- Three papers over 2 days

#### MRCP(UK) Part 2 Written at a glance

- two-day examination
- three papers
- three hours each
- 270 multiple choice questions (best of five)
- images
- paper and pencil examination
- ✓ sat in an examination hall
- held three times a year

#### MRCP Part 2

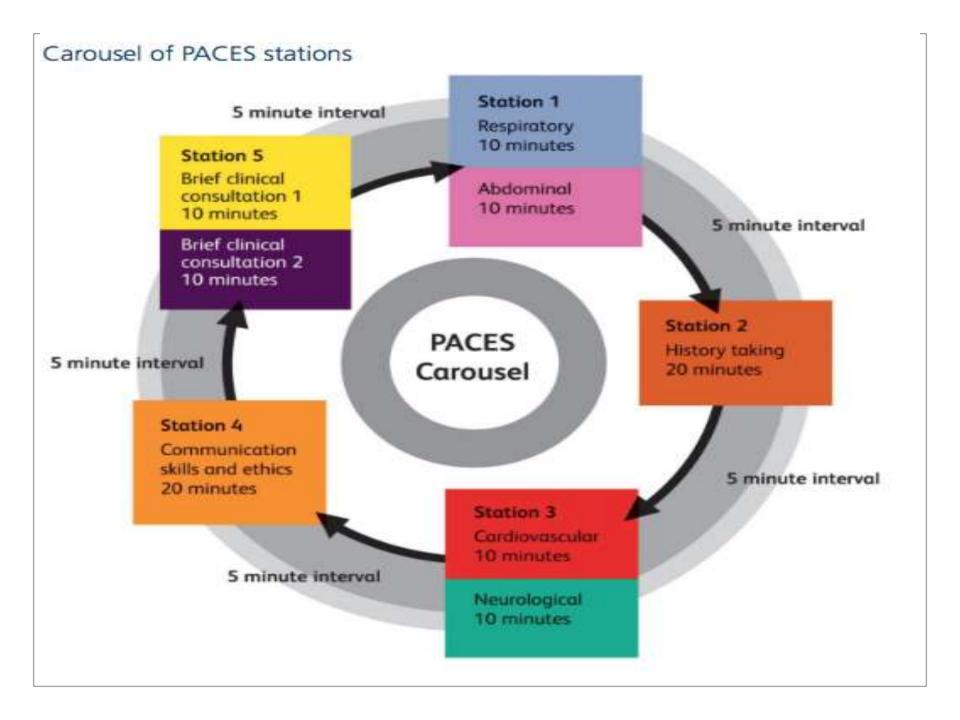
- MRCP(UK) Part 2 Written Examination This examination builds on the knowledge assessed in Part 1 (which you must pass before attempting Part 2). It tests your ability to apply clinical understanding, make clinical judgements and take responsibility for:
- prioritising diagnostic or problem lists
- planning investigation
- selecting a plan for immediate and long-term management
- assessing prognosis.

# Changes to MRCP Part 2

- Positive changes to the format of the MRCP(UK) Part 2 written examination from 2018
- The Part 2 written examination moved to a single day format at the beginning of 2018. The new examination consists of two, three hour papers each with 100 questions.
- This change, was approved by the GMC and will bring benefits to trainees and the health service, reducing the cost and time of releasing candidates to sit the examination.
- Dr Chris Wilkinson, trainee representative on the AQMRC (academic quality management and research committee) said:
- "I am pleased that the examination burden to trainees is being reduced, without any reduction in the quality of the exam".

## PACES Courses

- A PACES course is held before every PACES diet
- Contact the programme coordinator to book on the course if you wish to attend
- There are approximately 3 PACES courses a year
- These are based on the PACES examination.



#### PACES

- Tests clinical knowledge & skills
- 5 clinical stations there are patients with a given condition or trained surrogates.
- 2 independent examiners at each station
- Station 1: Respiratory (10 min) Abdominal(10 mins)
- Station 2 : History Taking 20 mins
- Station 3: cardiovascular (10 mins), Neurological exam (10 mins)
- Station 4: Communication skills & Ethics 20 mins
- Station 5: Brief consultation case 1 &2 for 10 mins each,

## Clinical Skills

- A :Physical exam: demonstrate correct systematic & professional technique
- B: Identify Physical signs: correctly. & not find signs that are not present
- C: Clinical Communication: elicit relevant history in systematic & professional manner
- D : Differential diagnosis: sensible
- E : Clinical Judgement: select & negotiate a sensible management plan, appropriate investigations, applies clinical knowledge including knowledge of law & ethics

#### PACES

- F: Managing Patient's concern: seek detect & address patient or relative concerns, listen & confirm their understanding of the matter & demonstrate empathy
- G: Maintaining Patient Welfare: treat patient or relative respectfully& ensure comfort, safety & dignity

#### PACES at a glance

- ✓ half-day examination
- ✓ takes place in a clinical setting (hospital or clinical skills centre)
- assesses seven core skills
- ✓ five stations (see carousel diagram)
- ✓ eight patient encounters
- two independent examiners at each station
- ✓ each candidate is assessed independently by a total of 10 examiners
- ✓ held three times a year over several days.

## PACES Station 4: COMMUNICATION SKILLS & ETHICS

Your role: You are the doctor in the outpatient clinic

Problem: Dealing with a recent transient ischaemic attack (TIA)

Patient: Mr Dave Kelvin, a 52-year-old accountant, who is married with two children

Please read the scenario printed below. When the bell sounds, enter the room. You have 14 minutes for your consultation with the patient/relative, 1 minute to collect your thoughts and 5 minutes for discussion. You may make notes if you wish.

Where relevant, assume you have the patient's consent to discuss their condition with the relative/surrogate.

#### Scenario:

The patient has type 2 diabetes mellitus and hypertension and was seen yesterday as an emergency with a transient ischaemic attack (TIA). He developed right-sided weakness and speech disturbance after work. The symptoms were improving on the way to hospital and had fully resolved by the time he was seen. His blood glucose was normal.

The patient's diabetes (which is diet controlled) and hypertension are managed by his family doctor. He smokes 5–10 cigarettes per day. His usual medication comprises an ACE inhibitor and a statin. Aspirin was started following the TIA. The patient has been referred to the medical clinic for further assessment.

On examination in clinic, his pulse was 76 beats per minute and regular, and his blood pressure was 138/76 mmHg. There were no cardiac murmurs or carotid bruits. Fundoscopy was normal. Urinalysis showed glucose 1+. His most recent haemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) was 48 mmol/mol (normal range: 20–42) [6.5%].

You have discussed the situation with your consultant who has advised further investigation by carotid Doppler scan and CT scan of head. Treatment with aspirin should continue. The patient should be advised to stop smoking.

Your task is to explain the plan to the patient, and answer any questions they may have.

#### PACES Station 2: HISTORY TAKING

Patient details: Mr Daniel Steele, a 63-year-old man

Your role: You are the doctor in the general medical clinic

Presenting complaint: Haemoptysis and suspected bronchiectasis on chest X-ray

Please read the letter printed below. When the bell sounds, enter the room. You have 14 minutes to take a history from the patient, 1 minute to collect your thoughts and 5 minutes for discussion. You may make notes if you wish.

#### Referral text:

Dear Doctor,

I would be grateful if you would see this patient who has had haemoptysis for the past few weeks.

He has been treated for chest infections in the past but has no other respiratory problems. I arranged a chest X-ray which has been reported as showing changes consistent with bronchiectasis.

Please advise on further investigation and management.

#### Within 12 to 24 months of graduation:

Make a first attempt at the Part 1 Examination.

#### Within 36 months of graduation:

- Make a first attempt at the Part 2 Written Examination.
- Pass the Part 2 Written Examination before attempting the Part 2 Clinical Examination, PACES.

#### More than 36 months after graduating:

■ Make a first attempt at PACES.





